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***N*-[(*E*)-Quinoxalin-2-ylmethylidene]-1*H*-indazol-5-amine**

P. Leeju, V. Arun, Manju Sebastian, G. Varsha, Digna Varghese and K. K. M. Yusuff*

Department of Applied Chemistry, Cochin University of Science and Technology, Cochin 682 022, Kerala, India

Correspondence e-mail: yusuff@cusat.ac.in.

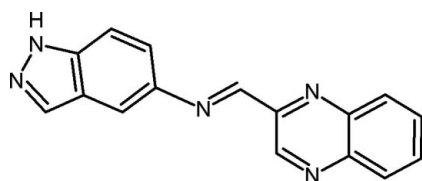
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.046; wR factor = 0.143; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.9.

In the title molecule, $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_5$, the mean planes of the quinoxaline and indazole fragments form a dihedral angle of 10.62 (5)°. In the crystal, weak intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bonds link the molecules into zigzag chains extending in the [001] direction. The crystal packing also exhibits $\pi-\pi$ interactions [centroid-centroid distances of 3.7080 (2) and 3.8220 (5) Å], which form stacks of the molecules parallel to the a axis.

Related literature

For related structures, see: Varghese *et al.* (2009); Varsha *et al.* (2009).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_5$
 $M_r = 273.30$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 7.7015$ (6) Å

$b = 8.0330$ (6) Å
 $c = 20.6034$ (16) Å
 $\beta = 96.882$ (2)°
 $V = 1265.47$ (17) Å³

$Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.09$ mm⁻¹

$T = 298$ K
 $0.45 \times 0.27 \times 0.08$ mm

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEX CCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2001)
 $T_{\min} = 0.960$, $T_{\max} = 0.993$

16012 measured reflections
 3597 independent reflections
 2502 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.024$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.143$
 $S = 1.03$
 3597 reflections

190 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.23$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.26$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N4}-\text{H4}\cdots\text{N1}^{\text{iii}}$	0.86	2.31	3.1050 (15)	153

Symmetry code: (iii) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: publCIF (Westrip, 2009).

The X-ray data were collected on the diffractometer facilities at the Indian Institute of Technology, Madras, provided by the Department of Science and Technology. MS thanks the Kerala State Council for Science, Technology and the Environment, Trivandrum, Kerala, for support. DV acknowledges the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR), India, for financial assistance.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV2578).

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supplementary materials

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N-[(*E*)-Quinoxalin-2-ylmethylidene]-1*H*-indazol-5-amine

P. Leeju, V. Arun, M. Sebastian, G. Varsha, D. Varghese and K. K. M. Yusuff

Comment

In view of synthesizing new quinoxaline based Schiff bases, we have undertaken the synthesis of the title compound, (1), and report here its crystal structure. In (1), the quinoxaline ring and indazole ring are each approximately planar, with the maximum deviations of 0.0254 (4) and 0.0213 (4) Å from the least square planes, respectively. A perspective drawing is depicted in figure 1 with the atomic numbering scheme. The compound is non-planar due to the twisting of rings with respect to azomethine group. Bond lengths and angles are in normal ranges and comparable to those in related structures (Varghese *et al.*, 2009; Varsha *et al.*, 2009). In the crystal structure, molecules are held together by π - π stacking interactions and N—H \cdots N intermolecular hydrogen bonding.

Experimental

A hot solution of 5-aminoindazole (1 mmol) in ethanol (20 ml) was added slowly to a hot solution of quinoxaline-2-carboxaldehyde (1 mmol) in the same solvent (40 ml). The resulting mixture on cooling yielded the crude product of (1). Pale green crystals suitable for single-crystal XRD are obtained by slow evaporation of ethanolic solution of (1).

Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically (N—H = 0.86 Å, C—H = 0.93 Å) and refined in riding mode, with U_{iso} (H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C, N).

Figures

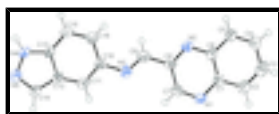


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I), showing the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

N-[(*E*)-Quinoxalin-2-ylmethylidene]-1*H*-indazol-5-amine

Crystal data

C₁₆H₁₁N₅

M_r = 273.30

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

a = 7.7015 (6) Å

b = 8.0330 (6) Å

c = 20.6034 (16) Å

F_{000} = 568

D_x = 1.434 Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, λ = 0.71073 Å

Cell parameters from 2502 reflections

θ = 2.6–29.8°

μ = 0.09 mm⁻¹

T = 298 K

supplementary materials

$\beta = 96.882 (2)^\circ$
 $V = 1265.47 (17) \text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 4$

Plate, green
 $0.45 \times 0.27 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEX CCD diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Monochromator: graphite
 $T = 298 \text{ K}$
 ω and φ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2001)
 $T_{\min} = 0.960, T_{\max} = 0.993$
16012 measured reflections

3597 independent reflections
2502 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.024$
 $\theta_{\max} = 29.8^\circ$
 $\theta_{\min} = 2.7^\circ$
 $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$
 $k = -11 \rightarrow 10$
 $l = -28 \rightarrow 26$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.143$
 $S = 1.03$
3597 reflections
190 parameters
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0715P)^2 + 0.2171P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.003$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.23 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.26 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
N1	0.25032 (15)	0.66502 (15)	0.33833 (5)	0.0436 (3)
N2	0.14194 (13)	0.77204 (14)	0.45776 (5)	0.0392 (3)

N3	0.30313 (15)	0.37642 (14)	0.50779 (5)	0.0413 (3)
N4	0.38605 (15)	-0.08636 (16)	0.70573 (5)	0.0454 (3)
H4	0.3774	-0.0851	0.7470	0.054*
N5	0.42455 (17)	-0.22452 (16)	0.67229 (6)	0.0515 (3)
C1	0.18211 (15)	0.82051 (17)	0.34459 (6)	0.0368 (3)
C2	0.16182 (18)	0.9289 (2)	0.29041 (6)	0.0469 (3)
H2	0.1980	0.8960	0.2509	0.056*
C3	0.08916 (19)	1.0817 (2)	0.29612 (7)	0.0507 (4)
H3	0.0724	1.1511	0.2598	0.061*
C4	0.03910 (19)	1.1364 (2)	0.35576 (7)	0.0490 (4)
H4A	-0.0073	1.2426	0.3589	0.059*
C5	0.05790 (18)	1.03530 (18)	0.40912 (7)	0.0440 (3)
H5	0.0247	1.0724	0.4486	0.053*
C6	0.12780 (16)	0.87452 (17)	0.40443 (6)	0.0361 (3)
C7	0.26273 (18)	0.57069 (18)	0.39027 (6)	0.0436 (3)
H7	0.3088	0.4642	0.3877	0.052*
C8	0.20879 (16)	0.62367 (16)	0.45062 (6)	0.0374 (3)
C9	0.22517 (17)	0.51440 (18)	0.50816 (6)	0.0411 (3)
H9	0.1773	0.5475	0.5455	0.049*
C10	0.32246 (16)	0.27137 (17)	0.56339 (6)	0.0369 (3)
C11	0.36804 (16)	0.10932 (16)	0.55175 (6)	0.0375 (3)
H11	0.3848	0.0756	0.5098	0.045*
C12	0.38887 (16)	-0.00418 (17)	0.60359 (6)	0.0360 (3)
C13	0.36273 (15)	0.04951 (17)	0.66654 (6)	0.0365 (3)
C14	0.42856 (19)	-0.17552 (18)	0.61149 (6)	0.0460 (3)
H14	0.4543	-0.2451	0.5778	0.055*
C15	0.32249 (17)	0.21454 (18)	0.67939 (6)	0.0421 (3)
H15	0.3096	0.2496	0.7216	0.051*
C16	0.30258 (18)	0.32333 (18)	0.62789 (6)	0.0427 (3)
H16	0.2754	0.4339	0.6354	0.051*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N1	0.0514 (6)	0.0477 (7)	0.0324 (5)	0.0016 (5)	0.0079 (4)	-0.0037 (5)
N2	0.0438 (6)	0.0433 (6)	0.0313 (5)	0.0018 (5)	0.0081 (4)	0.0014 (4)
N3	0.0508 (6)	0.0404 (6)	0.0333 (5)	-0.0004 (5)	0.0073 (4)	0.0023 (4)
N4	0.0577 (7)	0.0510 (7)	0.0279 (5)	-0.0001 (5)	0.0070 (5)	0.0050 (5)
N5	0.0698 (8)	0.0469 (7)	0.0377 (6)	0.0017 (6)	0.0070 (5)	0.0050 (5)
C1	0.0357 (6)	0.0445 (7)	0.0304 (6)	-0.0040 (5)	0.0046 (4)	-0.0005 (5)
C2	0.0492 (7)	0.0593 (9)	0.0333 (6)	-0.0023 (7)	0.0096 (5)	0.0060 (6)
C3	0.0494 (8)	0.0581 (9)	0.0453 (8)	-0.0007 (7)	0.0087 (6)	0.0184 (7)
C4	0.0473 (7)	0.0466 (8)	0.0536 (8)	0.0046 (6)	0.0085 (6)	0.0093 (7)
C5	0.0465 (7)	0.0465 (8)	0.0398 (7)	0.0042 (6)	0.0087 (5)	0.0011 (6)
C6	0.0355 (6)	0.0423 (7)	0.0307 (6)	-0.0030 (5)	0.0046 (4)	0.0000 (5)
C7	0.0530 (8)	0.0435 (8)	0.0347 (6)	0.0041 (6)	0.0065 (5)	-0.0026 (5)
C8	0.0401 (6)	0.0402 (7)	0.0322 (6)	-0.0015 (5)	0.0061 (5)	0.0006 (5)
C9	0.0452 (7)	0.0452 (8)	0.0338 (6)	0.0000 (6)	0.0087 (5)	0.0022 (5)

supplementary materials

C10	0.0417 (6)	0.0405 (7)	0.0291 (6)	-0.0015 (5)	0.0071 (5)	0.0001 (5)
C11	0.0440 (6)	0.0435 (7)	0.0264 (5)	0.0002 (5)	0.0098 (5)	-0.0015 (5)
C12	0.0395 (6)	0.0406 (7)	0.0286 (6)	-0.0015 (5)	0.0067 (4)	-0.0007 (5)
C13	0.0367 (6)	0.0468 (8)	0.0264 (5)	-0.0026 (5)	0.0054 (4)	0.0012 (5)
C14	0.0604 (8)	0.0425 (8)	0.0356 (7)	0.0029 (6)	0.0075 (6)	0.0008 (6)
C15	0.0489 (7)	0.0516 (8)	0.0265 (6)	0.0014 (6)	0.0074 (5)	-0.0063 (5)
C16	0.0531 (7)	0.0420 (7)	0.0334 (6)	0.0038 (6)	0.0062 (5)	-0.0063 (5)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N1—C7	1.3053 (17)	C5—C6	1.4070 (19)
N1—C1	1.3670 (17)	C5—H5	0.9300
N2—C8	1.3136 (17)	C7—C8	1.4225 (17)
N2—C6	1.3668 (16)	C7—H7	0.9300
N3—C9	1.2610 (18)	C8—C9	1.4684 (17)
N3—C10	1.4162 (16)	C9—H9	0.9300
N4—C13	1.3568 (17)	C10—C11	1.3768 (18)
N4—N5	1.3576 (17)	C10—C16	1.4185 (17)
N4—H4	0.8600	C11—C12	1.3989 (17)
N5—C14	1.3169 (17)	C11—H11	0.9300
C1—C2	1.4094 (18)	C12—C13	1.4039 (16)
C1—C6	1.4167 (17)	C12—C14	1.4150 (19)
C2—C3	1.360 (2)	C13—C15	1.3941 (19)
C2—H2	0.9300	C14—H14	0.9300
C3—C4	1.402 (2)	C15—C16	1.3691 (18)
C3—H3	0.9300	C15—H15	0.9300
C4—C5	1.3605 (19)	C16—H16	0.9300
C4—H4A	0.9300		
Cg1...Cg3 ⁱ	3.7080 (2)	Cg2...Cg3 ⁱⁱ	3.8220 (5)
C7—N1—C1	116.38 (11)	N2—C8—C7	121.92 (12)
C8—N2—C6	116.81 (10)	N2—C8—C9	116.67 (11)
C9—N3—C10	121.52 (11)	C7—C8—C9	121.40 (12)
C13—N4—N5	112.15 (10)	N3—C9—C8	121.03 (12)
C13—N4—H4	123.9	N3—C9—H9	119.5
N5—N4—H4	123.9	C8—C9—H9	119.5
C14—N5—N4	105.65 (12)	C11—C10—N3	115.26 (11)
N1—C1—C2	119.81 (11)	C11—C10—C16	119.99 (12)
N1—C1—C6	121.24 (11)	N3—C10—C16	124.73 (12)
C2—C1—C6	118.94 (12)	C10—C11—C12	119.44 (11)
C3—C2—C1	119.78 (13)	C10—C11—H11	120.3
C3—C2—H2	120.1	C12—C11—H11	120.3
C1—C2—H2	120.1	C11—C12—C13	119.28 (12)
C2—C3—C4	121.20 (13)	C11—C12—C14	136.49 (12)
C2—C3—H3	119.4	C13—C12—C14	104.21 (11)
C4—C3—H3	119.4	N4—C13—C15	131.95 (11)
C5—C4—C3	120.49 (14)	N4—C13—C12	106.21 (12)
C5—C4—H4A	119.8	C15—C13—C12	121.83 (12)
C3—C4—H4A	119.8	N5—C14—C12	111.77 (12)

C4—C5—C6	119.80 (13)	N5—C14—H14	124.1
C4—C5—H5	120.1	C12—C14—H14	124.1
C6—C5—H5	120.1	C16—C15—C13	117.81 (11)
N2—C6—C5	119.47 (11)	C16—C15—H15	121.1
N2—C6—C1	120.78 (12)	C13—C15—H15	121.1
C5—C6—C1	119.75 (12)	C15—C16—C10	121.58 (13)
N1—C7—C8	122.85 (13)	C15—C16—H16	119.2
N1—C7—H7	118.6	C10—C16—H16	119.2
C8—C7—H7	118.6		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y+2, -z$; (ii) $-x+2, -y+2, -z+2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ($\text{\AA}, ^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$N4-H4\cdots N1^{iii}$	0.86	2.31	3.1050 (15)	153

Symmetry codes: (iii) $x, -y+1/2, z+1/2$.

Fig. 1

